
OC4IDS Portal Development

Workflow Guide: From Field Mapping to Launch

A step-by-step guide for developing OC4IDS-compliant infrastructure transparency portals that meet the Publication Criteria.

Typical Timeline: **14 to 21 weeks**

Phases: 6 sequential phases across Discovery, Build, and Deliver

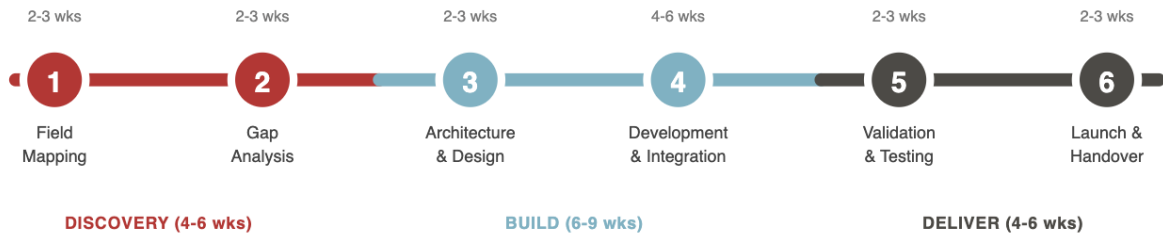
Audience: Country programme managers, technical consultants, government IT teams

CoST – the Infrastructure Transparency Initiative
[Open Data Systems](#)

This document outlines the standard workflow for developing an OC4IDS-compliant infrastructure transparency portal that meets the OC4IDS Publication Criteria. The process ensures data quality, schema compliance, and system durability from inception through launch. The Publication Criteria define 11 pass/fail checks covering registration, discoverability, retrievability, validity, conformance, and documentation. Every phase in this workflow maps to one or more of those criteria.

TYPICAL TIMELINE: 14 TO 21 WEEKS

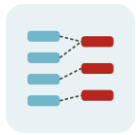
Government approval cycles, data access delays, and stakeholder availability consistently extend timelines beyond minimum estimates. Plan for the upper range.



Pre-requisites

Before beginning Phase 1, confirm all of the following are in place:

- ✓ Stakeholders identified, including the System Owner (a senior technocrat who survives political turnover)
- ✓ Use cases workshopped with target user groups (civil society, procuring entities, oversight bodies)
- ✓ Policy expert identified (familiar with infrastructure project and contract legislation)
- ✓ Technical expert identified (familiar with government data sources and systems)
- ✓ OC4IDS technical expert identified (understands OC4IDS data structures, codelists, and publication requirements)
- ✓ OC4IDS prefix registered with the OC4IDS Helpdesk (required for valid project identifiers under Publication Criterion 1)



PHASE 1 | 2 to 3 weeks

Field-Level Mapping

Align existing government data systems with OC4IDS schema requirements.

KEY ACTIVITIES

- 1 Document all existing data fields in source systems (procurement, budget, project management, contract management databases)
- 2 Map source fields to OC4IDS fields using the OC4IDS mapping spreadsheet. Three actors required: a technical expert familiar with data sources, a policy expert familiar with infrastructure/contract legislation, and an OC4IDS technical expert
- 3 Identify direct mappings, transformations required, and unmappable fields. For unmappable fields, determine whether the gap is data collection (field exists but is empty) or schema (no OC4IDS field exists)
- 4 Map all relevant codelists: projectStatus, contractingProcessStatus, projectType, contractNature, sector, documentType, partyRole, procurementMethod, and any open codelists where source values need alignment
- 5 Confirm terminology alignment: title (not project_name), status (not project_status), supplier (not contractor/vendor), tender (not bid/RFP), tenderer (not bidder), publication (not disclosure)
- 6 Register OC4IDS identifier prefix with the OC4IDS Helpdesk if not already done

DELIVERABLES

- ✓ Field Mapping Matrix (source system fields to OC4IDS paths with transformation logic)
- ✓ Codelist Alignment Table (source values to OC4IDS codelist values for all relevant codelists)
- ✓ Unmappable Fields Register (fields with no OC4IDS equivalent, candidates for extension proposal)



PHASE 2 | 2 to 3 weeks

Gap Analysis & Data Assessment

Identify data gaps between current systems and CoST IDS publication requirements.

KEY ACTIVITIES

- 1 Audit data completeness against CoST IDS proactive disclosure items (40 items) and reactive disclosure items (27 items) using the CoST IDS to OC4IDS mapping
- 2 Assess data quality against all six dimensions: Validity, Accuracy, Consistency, Timeliness, Uniqueness, Completeness
- 3 Measure OC4IDS field coverage (Publication Criteria Metric 7) and CoST IDS element coverage (Metric 8) to establish a baseline
- 4 Identify missing data points and the collection mechanisms needed to fill gaps (manual entry forms, system integrations, periodic imports)
- 5 Evaluate extension requirements for country-specific fields. Extensions are a last resort: first verify no existing OC4IDS field accommodates the data
- 6 Document data governance expectations: who updates which fields, at what frequency, and through which system

DELIVERABLES

✓	Gap Analysis Report (coverage against CoST IDS proactive and reactive items)
✓	Data Quality Assessment (baseline scores across all six dimensions)
✓	CoST IDS Coverage Baseline (field-level and element-level percentages)
✓	Extension Requirements Specification (if needed, with Helpdesk escalation draft)





PHASE 3 | 2 to 3 weeks

System Architecture & Design

Design the technical infrastructure for OC4IDS-compliant publication.

KEY ACTIVITIES

- 1 Define data flow architecture: source systems to ETL to portal database to API to frontend. Include data sovereignty and hosting decisions
- 2 Design API endpoints aligned with OC4IDS JSON structure. Include: project package, individual project, bulk download, and pagination for automated retrieval
- 3 Specify data validation rules to be applied on ingest (schema validation using lib-cove-oc4ids or equivalent)
- 4 Specify red flag detection logic and automated alert rules (when red flags and automation are part of portal design)
- 5 Conduct user workshops with target audiences to define frontend visualization requirements and use cases
- 6 Plan user interface for project publication, search, and filtering functionality based on workshop outputs
- 7 Formalize governance structure with the identified System Owner. Define roles for data entry, quality assurance, system administration, and publication approval

DELIVERABLES

✓	Technical Architecture Document (including hosting and data sovereignty decisions)
✓	API Specification (with bulk download and automated retrieval endpoints)
✓	Data Validation Rules Specification (shared resource for developers)
✓	Red Flag Detection Rules (if applicable)
✓	UI/UX Wireframes (informed by user workshop findings)
✓	Data Governance Framework (roles, update frequencies, approval workflows)



PHASE 4 | 4 to 6 weeks

Development & Integration

Build the portal with OC4IDS schema compliance embedded from day one.

KEY ACTIVITIES

- 1 Implement ETL pipelines with OC4IDS transformation logic based on the Field Mapping Matrix from Phase 1
- 2 Build API layer with JSON schema validation using lib-cove-oc4ids to check validity programmatically on every data ingest
- 3 Develop frontend with project search, filtering, and visualization capabilities based on Phase 3 wireframes
- 4 Implement bulk download functionality in both JSON (OC4IDS project packages) and tabular (CSV/spreadsheet) formats

- 5 Integrate red flag detection and automated alerts (if applicable)
- 6 Implement data validation on ingest: catch compliance errors at data entry, not publication
- 7 Run semantic checks against sample data: verify realistic budgets, valid coordinates, correct party role assignments, and standardized sector codes
- 8 Conduct iterative user testing with government stakeholders during development sprints

DELIVERABLES

✓	Working Portal (development environment)
✓	ETL Pipeline Documentation
✓	API Documentation
✓	Validation Test Results (schema validation, semantic checks)
✓	Bulk Download Functionality (JSON and CSV/spreadsheet formats)





PHASE 5 | 2 to 3 weeks

Validation & Testing

Verify schema compliance, publication criteria, and system functionality before launch.

KEY ACTIVITIES

- 1 Run full OC4IDS schema validation on all published data: zero validation errors required (Criterion 10) and zero structure warnings required (Criterion 11)
- 2 Verify the data and portal satisfy all 11 Publication Criteria and Checks
- 3 Execute all 8 semantic checks: standardized sectors, realistic names, realistic budgets and values, realistic funder names, valid dates, correct role assignments, valid coordinates
- 4 Verify data is retrievable programmatically (Criterion 3): test the scraper/API automation end to end
- 5 Conduct user acceptance testing with government stakeholders and target user groups
- 6 Performance testing (page load times, API response times under load) and security testing
- 7 Review CoST IDS coverage metrics and document any remaining gaps with justification

DELIVERABLES

✓	OC4IDS Validation Report (zero errors, zero structure warnings)
✓	Publication Criteria Compliance Report (pass/fail on all 11 criteria)
✓	Semantic Checks Report
✓	User Acceptance Sign-off
✓	Security Assessment Report
✓	CoST IDS Coverage Report (final metrics with gap justifications)



PHASE 6 | 2 to 3 weeks

Launch & Handover

Deploy to production and transfer ownership to System Owner.

KEY ACTIVITIES

- 1 Deploy to production environment with SSL/TLS configured
- 2 Ensure portal homepage is indexed by web search engines (Criterion 2: discoverability)
- 3 Publish the Publication Policy and Data User Guide alongside the portal (Criterion 8)
- 4 Register the portal with the CoST Datastore for ongoing monitoring
- 5 Train government IT staff on system administration, backup procedures, and incident response
- 6 Train data entry staff on OC4IDS requirements, terminology, and codelist usage
- 7 Establish ongoing support and maintenance protocols with defined SLAs
- 8 Document lessons learned and replication guidance for other country programs
- 9 Confirm the data has an open data license (e.g., CC-BY-4.0) published alongside the portal

DELIVERABLES

✓	Live Production Portal (passing all Publication Criteria)
✓	Publication Policy and Data User Guide
✓	Training Materials and Completion Records
✓	Operations and Maintenance Manual
✓	Helpdesk Support Protocol
✓	Open Data License Statement

Critical Success Factors

- 1 Field mapping BEFORE development.**

Retrofitting OC4IDS fields post-launch is 10x harder and introduces data quality debt that compounds with every publication cycle.
- 2 Identify System Owner before Phase 1.**

This must be a senior technocrat (Permanent Secretary, Head of IT) who survives political turnover. The system must outlast any single administration.
- 3 Schema validation on ingest.**

Catch compliance errors at data entry, not publication. A portal that publishes invalid data damages credibility faster than one that publishes nothing.
- 4 Use OC4IDS terminology from day one.**

title, status, supplier, tender (not project_name, contractor, bid). Terminology alignment prevents mapping errors and training confusion.
- 5 Map all codelists, not just status fields.**

projectType, contractNature, sector, documentType, and partyRole are equally important for interoperability and data quality.
- 6 Plan for the full Publication Criteria from inception.**

Discoverability, retrievability, bulk downloads, and documentation are not afterthoughts. They are pass/fail requirements.

Key References

Resource	URL
OC4IDS Schema Reference	https://standard.open-contracting.org/infrastructure/latest/en/reference/
Publication Criteria	https://docs.google.com/document/d/14o1TqWDu46bicNFC6olGBYU22gyI9QbCXdDxXBqNQFE
CoST IDS to OC4IDS Mapping	https://standard.open-contracting.org/infrastructure/latest/en/cost/
lib-cove-oc4ids (Validation)	https://github.com/open-contracting/lib-cove-oc4ids
OC4IDS Data Review Tool	https://review-oc4ids.standard.open-contracting.org/
Prefix Registration	https://standard.open-contracting.org/infrastructure/latest/en/reference/prefixes/
OC4IDS Codelists	https://standard.open-contracting.org/infrastructure/latest/en/reference/codelists/